Feature-Rich Software Exploration: Older Adults' Collaborative Learning Dynamics





Motivation and Research Questions

- Older adults (OAs) are using feature-rich software more frequently [1].
- Exploratory learning is popular but challenging [2].



- Social support has been promising in IT [3].
- How do OAs experience collaborative learning while exploring feature-rich software?
- What type of interaction patterns emerge between learning partners?
- Are there any differences between mixed-age and same-age pairs' interaction patterns?

Methodology and Data Collection

- 16 OAs and 6 younger participants worked remotely in 5 same-age and 6 mixed-age dyads to explore Gather. Town [4] mapmaker.
- First session (1 hr): Introduced participants to the virtual environment and software concepts.
- Second session (2 hrs): Worked on 3 sets of design tasks. e.g., replicating virtual room below.



- Pre-study questionnaire: background such as level of education and technology use.
- Screen recording: interaction with each other and with the application.
- Post- study questionnaire and interview: perception about partner and experience.

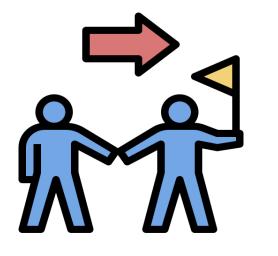
Findings

Collaboration Dynamics and Task Performance

Equal Collaboration



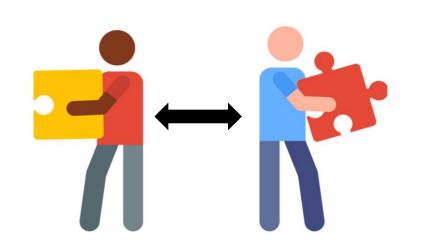
Dominant-Follower



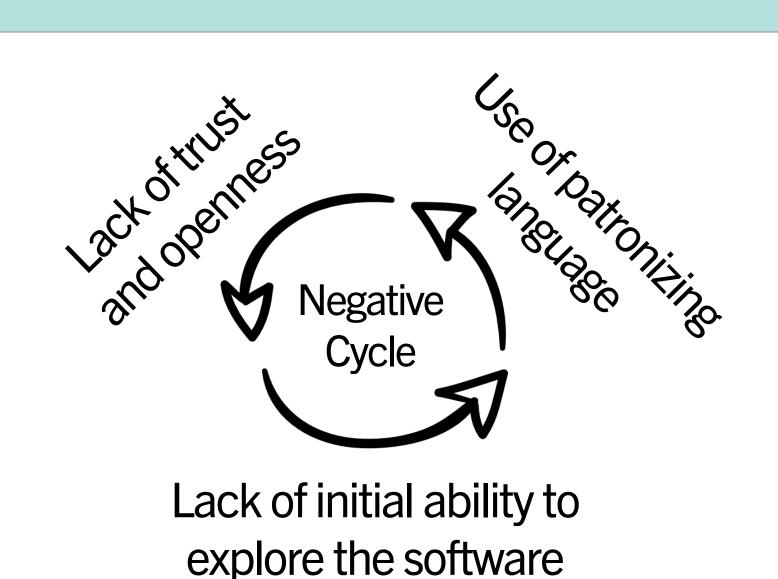
On Demand Assistant



Individual Exploration



Impact of Interaction on OA and Participants' Perception

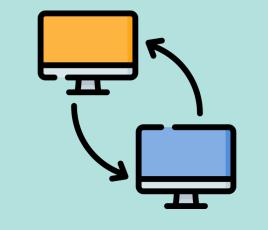


	Partner	Advantage	Disadvantage
		OA appreciated having similar limitation	OA got frustrated when the partner was struggling
		A more knowledgeable partner for OA	Fear of being a burden or not keeping up

Complex Tasks Assessment



I have never played computer games at all, so I was pretty unaware of couple of things. So, I depended on [my partner] a lot. M9-O



Lack of knowledge transfer from similar software

Design Suggestions



Matching system can consider application expertise & partners' perception of each other's competencies



Partners from OA's outer circles might be better than family members



Displaying task progress might encourage communication



Developers can suggest pre-requisite skills to learn an application



Easy-to-access preview modes might facilitate tasks assessment

Future Research

- Measuring the effectiveness of collaboration beyond individual task success.
- Allowing participants to practice simpler tasks over time before attempting to do harder design tasks.
- Different types of software and learning scenarios.

References

- Shareen Mahmud, Jessalyn Alvina, Parmit K. Chilana, Andrea Bunt, and Joanna McGrenere. 2020. Learning Through Exploration: How Children, Adults, and Older Adults Interact with a New Feature-Rich Application. In Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems Proceedings, Association for Computing Machinery.

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- 4. www.gather.town

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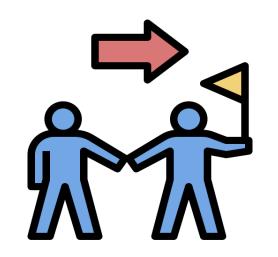
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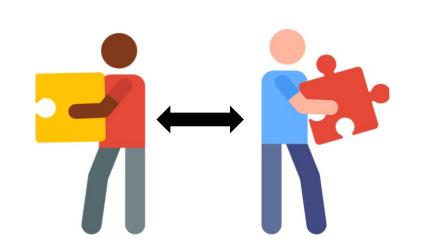
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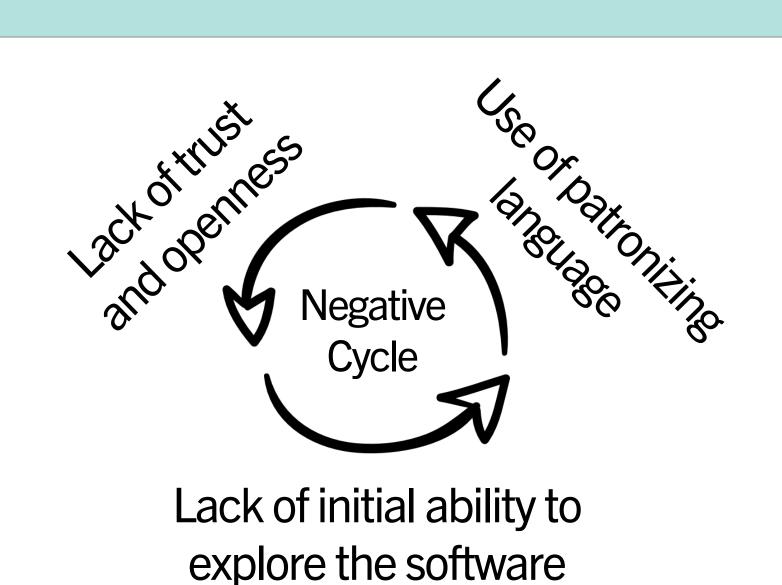
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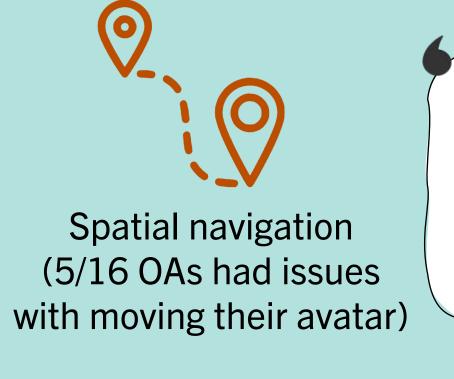


Impact of Interaction on OA and Participants' Perception



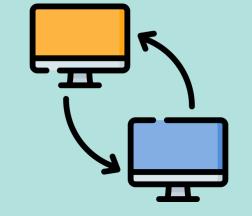
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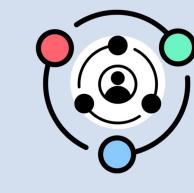


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